

# **Illinois Commerce Commission Report to the General Assembly**



**Summary of Annual Reports Filed  
by Electric Utilities Regarding the Transition  
to a Competitive Electric Industry**

**Required by  
Electric Service Customer Choice and  
Rate Relief Law of 1997  
(Section 16-130 of the Public Utilities Act)**

**May 2005**



## ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION

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May 11, 2005

The Honorable Illinois General Assembly  
State Capitol  
Springfield, Illinois

Dear Members of the Illinois General Assembly:

Enclosed is the Illinois Commerce Commission's Report to the General Assembly entitled "Summary of Annual Reports Filed by Electric Utilities Regarding the Transition to a Competitive Electric Industry."

This Report is required by and submitted in compliance with, Section 16-130 of the "Electric Service Customer Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997" [220 ILCS 5/16-130]. Section 16-130 requires the Commission to summarize certain information provided to the Commission by electric utilities.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Edward C. Hurley".

Edward C. Hurley  
Chairman

cc: Illinois State Library

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**Introduction/Background**

Article 16 of the Public Utilities Act (“PUA”), entitled the “Electric Service Customer Choice and Rate Relief Law of 1997” (“the 1997 Law”) [220 ILCS 5/16], requires electric utilities to annually provide to the Illinois Commerce Commission (“Commission” or “ICC”) information regarding the transition to a competitive electric industry. Section 16-130 of the PUA [220 ILCS 5/16-130] requires electric utilities to address eleven topics. Section 16-130(c) requires the Commission to submit a report to the General Assembly summarizing the information provided by each electric utility. Section 16-130 states in part:

**Section 16-130: Annual Reports. The General Assembly finds that it is necessary to have reliable and accurate information regarding the transition to a competitive electric industry. In addition to the annual report requirements pursuant to Section 5-109 of this Act, each electric utility shall file with the Commission a report on the following [eleven] topics . . .**

**Section 16-130(b): The information required . . . shall be filed by each electric utility on or before March 1 of each year 1999 through 2007 or through such additional years as the electric utility is collecting transition charges . . .**

**Section 16-130(c): On or before May 15 of each year . . ., the Commission shall submit a report to the General Assembly which summarizes the information provided by each electric utility under this Section . . .**

The following pages summarize the electric utilities’ responses to the eleven topics addressed in Section 16-130 of the PUA.

The information in this report is based upon information filed by the nine Illinois electric utilities:

- Central Illinois Light Company d/b/a AmerenCILCO,
- Central Illinois Public Service Company d/b/a AmerenCIPS,
- Illinois Power Company d/b/a AmerenIP,
- Union Electric Company d/b/a AmerenUE,
- Commonwealth Edison Company (“ComEd”),
- Interstate Power and Light Company (“Interstate”),
- MidAmerican Energy Company (“MidAmerican”),
- Mt. Carmel Public Utility Company (“Mt. Carmel”), and
- South Beloit Water, Gas and Electric Company (“South Beloit”).

**Topic 1: Number of Customers Switching Suppliers and Transition Charge Recovery**

Section 16-130(a)(1) requires utilities to provide information concerning the extent to which eligible<sup>1</sup> retail customers switch suppliers and the amount of transition charges paid to the incumbent utilities by those customers.

**Section 16-130(a)(1): Data on each customer class of the electric utility in which delivery services have been elected including:**

- (A) number of retail customers in each class that have elected delivery service;**
- (B) kilowatt hours consumed by the customers described in subparagraph (A);**
- (C) revenue loss experienced by the utility as a result of customers electing delivery services or market-based prices as compared to continued service under otherwise applicable tariffed rates;**
- (D) total amount of funds collected from each customer class pursuant to the transition charges authorized in Section 16-108;**
- (E) Such other information as the Commission may by rule require.**

Table 1 presents the information provided by the electric utilities to (A), (B), (C), and (D) above. On Table 1, please note: "AmerenCILCO has requested confidential treatment of this information in Docket No. 03-0712." Thus, no information has been provided for AmerenCILCO on Table 1.

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<sup>1</sup> Section 16-104 of the PUA establishes a phase-in plan for eligibility to choose an alternative electric supplier. The first group of non-residential customers, including certain very large customers, large multi-location customers, and other nonresidential customers selected by lottery, became eligible for choice on October 1, 1999. On December 31, 2000, all non-residential customers were eligible for choice. Residential customers became eligible for choice on May 1, 2002.

**Table 1: Customer Switching and Transition Charge Data**

Electric Utility	Number of Customers That Have Elected Delivery Services		Amount of Usage Switched to Delivery Services (kWh million)		Revenue Loss Resulting from Customers Switching to Delivery Services (\$ million)		Transition Charge Revenue Collected (\$ million)	
	2004	2003	2004	Cumulative <sup>2</sup>	2004	Cumulative	2004	Cumulative
Ameren CILCO	Confidential treatment of this information was requested in Docket No. 03-0712.				0.0 <sup>3</sup>	0.0	0.0	0.0
AmerenCIPS	607	530	1,758	5,709	0.0 <sup>3</sup>	3.5	0.0	7.5
AmerenIP	1,110	1,109	6,196	22,753	111.8	401.0	19.5	112.0
AmerenUE	3	3	6	19	0.0 <sup>3</sup>	0.1	0.0	0.0
ComEd	21,191	19,237	30,222	111,180	1,002.5	3,073.9	170.4	1,043.1
Interstate	Not applicable; no customers have selected delivery services from Interstate.							
MidAmerican	0	0	0	74	0.0	2.8	0.0	0.0
Mt. Carmel	Not applicable; no customers have selected delivery services from Mt. Carmel.							
South Beloit	Not applicable; no customers have selected delivery services from South Beloit.							
Total	22,911	20,879	38,182	139,735	1,114.3	3,481.3	189.9	1,162.6

**Topic 2: Utility Cost Mitigation Activities**

Section 16-130(a)(2) requires utilities to provide information concerning their efforts to mitigate and reduce costs.

**Section 16-130(a)(2):** A description of any steps taken by the electric utility to mitigate and reduce its costs, including both a detailed description of steps taken during the preceding calendar year and a summary of steps taken since the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997, and including, to the extent practicable, quantification of the costs mitigated or reduced by specific actions taken by the electric utility.

The utilities furnished the ICC with the following information concerning each utility's major cost mitigation activities:

**AmerenCILCO/AmerenCIPS/AmerenUE**

- For 2004, AmerenCILCO/AmerenCIPS/AmerenUE reported the following actions that helped to mitigate costs:
  - sales growth of approximately 2% per year in the service territory,

<sup>2</sup> "Cumulative" refers to the period from October 1, 1999 through December 31, 2004.

<sup>3</sup> AmerenCILCO, AmerenCIPS, and AmerenUE did not report any revenue losses for 2004. Each stated that the "Company does not keep track of this information in enough detail to produce any meaningful estimate because the lost revenue is relatively small." For both AmerenCIPS and AmerenUE, the entire amounts of the cumulative revenue losses were reported for the year 2000.

- gas rate increases for the gas operations,
- modifications to retiree employee benefit plans to increase co-payments and limit overall cost,
- the 2003 voluntary retirement program to result in year-over-year reductions of employee costs during the first quarter of 2004,
- incremental synergies resulting from the Ameren acquisition of CILCORP associated with reduced overhead expenses and lower fuel costs (The Illinois Power acquisition will result in similar synergies in overhead costs in future years.),
- debt refinancings, and
- continued cost control.

**AmerenIP**

- For 2004, AmerenIP reported expense and expenditure reductions through the following actions:
  - property tax appeals to result in annual savings of \$62,000,
  - reduction in non-essential expenses (excess phone lines, cell phones, pagers, office equipment) to result in annual savings of \$151,000,
  - personnel decisions to result in annual savings of \$356,000,
  - an enhancement to the underground facilities locate screening process to provide total savings of \$365,000,
  - improved management of damage claim billing and collections to result in annual expense savings of \$160,000 and capital cost savings of \$40,000, and
  - reduced staffing levels to result in expected annual savings of \$5.7 million.

**ComEd**

- In 2004, ComEd retired \$1.2 billion in outstanding debt and recorded \$130 million in charges pertaining to the debt retirement. The debt retirement will result in annual interest savings of \$73 million in 2005.
- ComEd's 2004 capital expenditures increased by \$9 million. Operation and maintenance expenses decreased in 2004 by \$196 million reflecting a decrease of \$115 million for severance and related postretirement accruals and pension costs.
- Exelon and its subsidiaries including ComEd continue to realize benefits in efficiency resulting from changes in organization structure and processes.

**Interstate/South Beloit**

- Interstate and South Beloit noted operating efficiencies resulting from the 1998 formation of Alliant Energy as a merger among WPL Holdings, Inc., IES Industries Inc., and Interstate Power Company and from a 2002 merger between IES Industries Inc. and Interstate Power Company. There has been no quantification of cost savings in 2004 related to increased operating efficiencies due to the mergers.

**MidAmerican**

- For 2004, MidAmerican reported several projects to mitigate and reduce costs: fuel procurement, generation improvements, delivery process improvements, and technological improvements. MidAmerican noted savings of \$650,000 resulting from its technological improvements.

**Mt. Carmel**

- Mt. Carmel has continued its hiring freeze to stabilize and reduce operating expenses.
- Mt. Carmel continues to research supply options to replace its current wholesale purchased power agreement when it expires.

**Topic 3: Depreciation, Mergers, UFAC Elimination, and Rates and Restructuring Transactions**

Section 16-130(a)(3) of the PUA seeks information about actions that electric utilities have taken pursuant to various sections of the PUA that were amended during the 1997 legislative process.

**Section 16-130(a)(3): A description of actions taken under Sections 5-104, 7-204, 9-220, and 16-111 of this Act. This information shall include but not be limited to:**

- (A) a description of the actions taken;**
- (B) the effective date of the action;**
- (C) the annual savings or additional charges realized by customers from actions taken, by customer class and total for each year;**
- (D) the accumulated impact on customers by customer class and total; and**
- (E) a summary of the method used to quantify the impact on customers.**

A brief description of these PUA sections follows:

- Section 5-104 addresses depreciation.
- Section 7-204 describes the regulatory approvals needed for certain utility reorganizations and mergers.
- Section 9-220 provides various options for utilities that seek to eliminate the Uniform Fuel Adjustment Clause ("UFAC").
- Section 16-111, addresses electric rates and restructuring transactions during the "mandatory transition period" (1997-2006). This section mandates the residential rate reductions, permits electric utilities to implement a merger, except for a merger with another jurisdictional utility, without obtaining any approval from the Commission, and describes, among many other things, the Commission



approvals needed for sales of generation, transmission, or distribution assets that exceed certain maximum allowable caps.

Section 16-111(b) requires residential base rate reductions from the six largest electric utilities commencing in 1998. Table 2, below, shows the approximate savings realized by residential customers for the years 1998 through 2004. In March and April 2005, these six electric utilities reviewed and verified the residential savings amounts presented in Table 2.

<b>Table 2: Savings from Section 16-111(b) Residential Rate Reductions</b> (\$ millions)								
Utility	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	Cumulative Total
AmerenCILCO	\$ 1.0	\$ 2.2	\$ 3.7	\$ 5.7	\$ 6.4	\$ 7.1	\$ 6.7	\$ 32.8
AmerenCIPS	4.5	11.8	12.0	11.8	12.4	11.5	11.6	75.6
AmerenIP	35.0	74.9	76.0	79.0	101.6	106.5	106.2	579.2
AmerenUE	0.9	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.1	14.1
ComEd	175.0	400.0	400.0	450.0	550.0	550.0	550.0	3,075.0
MidAmerican	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9	5.9
Total	\$ 216.8	\$ 491.9	\$ 494.8	\$ 549.6	\$ 673.8	\$ 678.2	\$ 677.5	\$ 3,782.6

The electric utilities have taken actions under Sections 5-104, 7-204, 9-220, and 16-111 in prior years that have been reported in previous versions of this Report to the General Assembly. For 2004, the electric utilities furnished the Commission with the following information pertaining to Topic 3:

#### **AmerenCILCO/AmerenCIPS/AmerenUE**

- AmerenCILCO/AmerenCIPS/AmerenUE did not report any 2004 actions.

#### **AmerenIP**

- Section 7-204: On September 30, 2004, Ameren Corporation completed the acquisition of all 23 million outstanding shares of Illinois Power Company's common stock. Illinois Power Company then became an Ameren subsidiary operating as AmerenIP. Shortly after the closing of the acquisition, numerous business and corporate services areas began reporting into Ameren Services functions. In November 2004, Ameren initiated a voluntary separation opportunity that was designed to allow AmerenIP employees the opportunity to voluntarily separate from the company and receive specified benefits under the program. This program was limited to management employees and employees represented by International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers Local 1306. Approximately 950 employees were eligible, and about 240 employees chose to participate, with separation dates ranging from November 2004 through December 2005. Since some of the resulting openings may need to be refilled, on-going savings have not yet been quantified. As part of the Commission's

proceeding authorizing this acquisition, Docket No. 04-0294, on-going savings of \$33 million were identified after completion of the integration activities in mid-2006. Additionally, certain debt costs were reduced through the redemption of higher cost debt.

- Section 9-220: For 2004, AmerenIP reported \$74.8 million in savings to customers attributable to the elimination, in 1998, of its UFAC.

### **ComEd**

- Section 16-111(g): In 2004, ComEd filed a 16-111(g) notice for the dissolution of the Edison Development Company.

### **Interstate/South Beloit**

- Section 9-220: During 2004, South Beloit eliminated its UFAC pursuant to the Commission's Order in Docket No. 04-0413.

### **MidAmerican**

- For 2004, MidAmerican reported that it participated in restructuring proceedings as authorized by Section 16-111(a)(3).

### **Mt. Carmel**

- Mt. Carmel did not report any 2004 actions pertaining to Topic 3.

## **Topic 4: Use of Transitional Funding Instruments (Securitization)**

Section 16-130(a)(4) of the PUA requires utilities to provide information about the use of transitional funding instruments ("TFIs"). TFIs are special debt securities that carry relatively low interest rates due to a complex legal framework designed to reduce their risk. Specifically, the PUA permits investors in TFIs to directly charge electric utility customers a rate sufficient to meet the debt servicing obligations on the TFIs. This charge, known as the instrument funding charge ("IFC"), is non-bypassable. However, the utility is required to provide its customers with an equal, offsetting credit to their bills so that customers see no increase in their bills due to the IFC.

**Section 16-130(a)(4): A summary of the electric utility's use of transitional funding instruments, including a description of the electric utility's use of the proceeds of any transitional funding instruments it has issued in accordance with Article XVIII of this Act.**

Only ComEd and Illinois Power Company<sup>4</sup> requested and received permission from the ICC to issue transitional funding instruments. The Commission Order in Docket No. 98-0319 authorized ComEd to issue up to \$3.4 billion of TFIs. The Commission Order in Docket No. 98-0488 authorized Illinois Power Company to issue up to \$864 million of

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<sup>4</sup> Since Illinois Power Company's 1998 issuance of TFIs occurred before it was acquired by Ameren Corporation, this discussion uses the company's corporate name rather than AmerenIP.

TFIs. Both utilities issued the full amount of TFIs authorized and used the proceeds to retire outstanding debt and stock.

In the 1999 non-residential and the 2001 residential delivery service tariff proceedings before the Commission, ComEd's and Illinois Power Company's overall rates of return were determined with TFIs included in their capital structures. Without the TFIs, both ComEd's and Illinois Power Company's overall cost of capital would have been higher.

### **ComEd**

- In July 1998, the ICC approved the issuance by ComEd of \$3.4 billion in TFIs. In December 1998, ComEd issued \$3.4 billion of Transitional Funding Trust Notes at an average interest rate of 5.57%, through trusts established as "Special Purpose Entities." The notes carry various maturity dates from March 2000 through December 2008.

### **Illinois Power Company**

- In December 1998, Illinois Power Company issued \$864 million of Transitional Funding Trust Notes at an average interest rate of 5.41%, which represents 25% of Illinois Power Company's total capitalization at December 31, 1996. The notes carry various maturity dates from 2000 through 2008. Illinois Power Company used these funds to retire debt and equity securities.

Table 3 displays the use of the proceeds from the issuance of TFIs.

<b>Table 3: Use of Proceeds From Transitional Funding Instruments</b>				
Expenditure Category	ComEd		Illinois Power Company	
	Principal (\$ million)	Premium (\$ million)	Principal (\$ million)	Premium (\$ million)
Short Term Debt	\$ 500.0	\$ 0.0	\$ 0.0	\$ 0.0
Long-Term Debt	1,101.4	35.8	745.9	44.4
Preference Stock	606.8	12.4	15.2	(1.6)
Common Stock	1,103.8		49.1	.2
Equity Investment in ComEd Funding, LLC	17.0			
Other Expenses and Fees	17.4	5.4	10.8	
Total	\$ 3,346.4	\$ 53.6	\$ 821.0	\$ 43.0

## **Topic 5: Revenue and Consumption Statistics**

Section 16-130(a)(5) of the PUA requires utilities to provide revenue and kWh sales information that isolates the annual impact of the mandatory residential rate reductions and mitigation factors on a "base year" level of revenue while assuming everything else remains constant. The base year is calendar year 1996, and revenue is calculated as

1996 kWh used during the year by customer class multiplied by the customer class's 1996 adjusted revenue per kWh, exclusive of add-on taxes.

**Section 16-130(a)(5):** Kilowatt-hours consumed in the twelve months ending December 31, 1996 (which kilowatt-hours are hereby referred to as “base year sales”) by customer class multiplied by the revenue per kilowatt-hour, adjusted to remove charges added to customers bills pursuant to Sections 9-221 and 9-222 of this Act, during the twelve months ending December 31, 1996, adjusted for the reductions required by subsection (b) of Section 16-111 and the mitigation factors contained in Section 16-102. This amount shall be stated for: (i) each calendar year preceding the year in which a report is required to be submitted pursuant to subsection (b); and (ii) as a cumulative total of all calendar years beginning with 1998 and ending with the calendar year preceding the year in which a report is required to be submitted pursuant to subsection (b).

Table 4 displays the information presented pursuant to Sections 16-130(a)(5) and 16-130(a)(6).

#### **Topic 6: Adjusted Revenue and Consumption Statistics**

Section 16-130(a)(6) of the PUA modifies the information provided pursuant to Section 16-130(a)(5) by using base year (1996) revenue per kWh multiplied by actual kWh sales in each year for which the information is required. The impact of the mandatory rate reductions and mitigation factors is subtracted in each year, as required by Section 16-130(a)(5).

**Section 16-130(a)(6):** Calculations identical to those required by subparagraph (5) except that base year sales shall be adjusted for growth in the electric utility's service territory, in addition to the other adjustments specified by the first sentence of sub-paragraph (5).

The Commission has construed Sections 16-130(a)(5) and (a)(6) as requiring certain information for the 1998 and subsequent years to allow a comparison of two scenarios. The first scenario is based on the assumption that the usage of electricity is constant, at 1996 levels, for each class of customers throughout the period during which Section 16-130 requires reports. The second scenario is based on actual usage of electricity (1) that the utility delivers, either as part of a bundled sale, as a Section 16-110 purchase, or as a delivery of third-party furnished electricity, or (2) that the electric utility does not deliver but as to which it is entitled to collect transition charges. The Commission's understanding is that Sections 16-130(a)(5) and (a)(6) are intended to allow for a comparison of (1) the electric utility revenue diminution resulting from the residential

rate reductions and mitigation factors, calculated through time as it would have been viewed as of the enactment of Article XVI, based upon static usage at 1996 levels (Section 16-130(a)(5)), with (2) the revenue effects calculated on the basis of all assumptions held constant except usage, with usage adjusted to show actual kilowatt hours delivered (or otherwise forming the basis for transition charge collections) during the relevant years (Section 16-130(a)(6)).

Most of the utilities did not interpret Sections 16-130(5) and (a)(6) in the manner just described. Therefore, the Commission requested that the utilities provide information enabling the Commission to calculate the revenue figures consistent with the Commission's interpretation of Sections 16-130(a)(5) and (a)(6). A summary of this information is shown in Table 4.

**Table 4: Base Year 1996 Revenue Data and Subsequent Years' Revenue Data**

Electric Utility	Year	Topic 5 Revenue per kWh per year applied to base year 1996 kWh (\$ thousand)	Topic 6 Revenue per kWh per year applied to each year's kWh (\$ thousand)
AmerenCILCO	1996	287,179	287,179
	1997	287,179	288,878
	1998	286,292	303,929
	1999	281,777	303,740
	2000	257,012	282,765
	2001	264,518	293,066
	2002	260,125	297,808
	2003	260,125	285,370
	2004	260,125	271,359
AmerenCIPS	1996	509,255	509,255
	1997	509,255	507,529
	1998	504,650	525,484
	1999	473,678	486,186
	2000	462,376	515,690
	2001	449,572	576,425
	2002	443,346	489,839
	2003	443,346	391,730
	2004	443,346	394,594
AmerenIP	1996	1,134,604	1,134,604
	1997	1,134,604	1,134,500
	1998	1,105,552	1,136,801
	1999	1,058,387	1,102,877
	2000	1,026,045	1,104,367
	2001	996,807	1,082,159
	2002	981,192	1,088,763
	2003	981,192	1,051,314
	2004	981,192	1,052,930

Electric Utility	Year	Topic 5 Revenue per kWh per year applied to base year 1996 kWh (\$ thousand)	Topic 6 Revenue per kWh per year applied to each year's kWh (\$ thousand)
AmerenUE	1996	149,865	149,865
	1997	149,865	152,241
	1998	148,961	154,158
	1999	141,751	138,980
	2000	130,248	133,275
	2001	127,831	127,104
	2002	126,333	126,478
	2003	126,333	117,647
	2004	126,333	124,552
ComEd	1996	5,793,293	5,793,293
	1997	5,793,293	5,782,823
	1998	5,641,116	6,413,021
	1999	5,428,430	6,261,460
	2000	5,368,399	6,359,542
	2001	5,810,522	6,327,761
	2002	5,696,730	6,372,535
	2003	5,649,063	6,213,034
	2004	5,627,893	6,271,663
Interstate	1996	15,755	15,755
	1997	15,755	15,844
	1998	15,755	15,848
	1999	15,597	15,824
	2000	14,708	15,063
	2001	14,409	13,859
	2002	14,230	14,473
	2003	14,230	13,908
	2004	14,230	14,120
MidAmerican	1996	105,786	105,786
	1997	105,786	108,872
	1998	105,388	114,014
	1999	104,144	107,162
	2000	101,275	100,671
	2001	99,465	101,842
	2002	97,452	113,420
	2003	97,542	109,759
	2004	100,080	111,233

Electric Utility	Year	Topic 5 Revenue per kWh per year applied to base year 1996 kWh (\$ thousand)	Topic 6 Revenue per kWh per year applied to each year's kWh (\$ thousand)
Mt. Carmel	1996	10,183	10,183
	1997	10,183	8,258
	1998	10,183	8,136
	1999	11,915	9,483
	2000	10,058	8,033
	2001	9,523	7,848
	2002	9,390	7,957
	2003	9,390	7,684
	2004	9,390	7,519
South Beloit	1996	8,288	8,288
	1997	8,288	8,567
	1998	8,288	8,766
	1999	8,234	8,669
	2000	7,899	8,344
	2001	7,553	7,884
	2002	7,433	8,000
	2003	7,433	7,938
	2004	7,433	7,964

### Topic 7: Utility Revenue and Income

Section 16-130(a)(7) of the PUA requires utilities to provide total revenue and net income amounts to the ICC, as reported on the utility's Form 1 report to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC").

**Section 16-130(a)(7): The electric utility's total revenue and net income for each calendar year beginning with 1997 through the calendar year preceding the year in which a report is required to be submitted pursuant to subsection (b) as reported in the electric utility's Form 1 report to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.**

Total revenue and net income figures, as provided to the ICC by each electric utility, are summarized in Table 5. The information does not represent each utility's total revenues and net income derived solely from the utility's in-state electric operations because of other operations, out-of-state operations, and non-operating costs. The amounts for AmerenCILCO, AmerenCIPS, AmerenIP, and Mt. Carmel represent those utilities' electric and gas operations and non-operating costs; the amounts for AmerenUE, Interstate, and MidAmerican include amounts earned from electric and gas operations, amounts earned in other states, and non-operating costs; the amounts for South Beloit include amounts earned from electric, gas, and water operations and non-operating costs; and the net income amount for ComEd includes non-operating costs.

**Table 5: Utility Revenue & Net Income for 2004, 2003, 2002, and 2001**

[From pages 114 &amp; 117 of the FERC Form No. 1]

	2004		2003		2002		2001	
Utility	Revenue (\$ million)	Net Income (\$ million)	Revenue (\$ million)	Net Income (\$ million)	Revenue (\$ million)	Net Income (\$ million)	Revenue (\$ million)	Net Income (\$ million)
AmerenCILCO	643.2	32.4	818.5	44.9	613.5	50.1	657.2	14.6
AmerenCIPS	735.4	32.5	741.8	28.5	823.6	26.4	840.3	45.3
AmerenIP	1,538.6	137.5	1,567.8	117.0	1,518.3	160.7	1,614.4	166.2
AmerenUE	2,640.7	378.7	2,615.8	446.5	2,540.3	343.7	2,628.2	373.8
ComEd	5,781.5	676.3	5,773.4	707.0	6,092.8	790.3	6,166.4	606.9
Interstate <sup>5</sup>	1,420.3	125.7	1,335.1	110.7	1,212.6	90.9	1,323.3	98.1
MidAmerican	2,432.3	210.5	2,345.2	188.6	2,049.0	175.8	2,183.8	152.8
Mt. Carmel	14.7	0.5	14.8	0.3	14.3	0.5	13.8	0.6
South Beloit	20.4	(0.2)	23.0	0.8	18.4	0.9	19.8	1.5

**Topic 8: Generating Plant Sales to Non-Affiliates**

Section 16-130(a)(8) of the PUA requires utilities to provide the ICC with information about the sales of generating plants to non-affiliated third parties.

**Section 16-130(a)(8): Any consideration in excess of the net book cost as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 received by the electric utility during the year from a sale made subsequent to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997 to a non-affiliated third party of any generating plant that was owned by the electric utility on the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997.**

The electric utilities reported no receipt of any consideration that is reportable under Section 16-130(a)(8) in 2004.

**Topic 9: Plant Sales or Transfers to Affiliates**

Section 16-130(a)(9) of the PUA requires utilities to provide information about sales of transfers of generating plants to affiliated interests.

**Section 16-130(a)(9): Any consideration received by the electric utility from sales or transfers during the year to an affiliated interest of generating plant, or other plant that represents an investment of \$25,000,000 or more in terms of total depreciated original cost, which**

<sup>5</sup> As reported in Topic 2, Interstate is the product of a merger between IES Industries Inc. and Interstate Power Company effective on January 1, 2002. The Revenue and Net Income amounts for 2001 are aggregations of the respective individual company amounts for IES Industries Inc. and Interstate Power Company.



**generating or other plant were owned by the electric utility prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997.**

The electric utilities reported no receipt of any consideration that is reportable under Section 16-130(a)(9) in 2004.

#### **Topic 10: Plant Sales or Transfers by Affiliates to Non-Affiliates**

Section 16-130(a)(10) of the PUA requires each utility to provide information about the sales of generating plants by the utility's affiliates to third parties.

**Section 16-130(a)(10): Any consideration received by an affiliated interest of an electric utility from sales or transfers during the year to a non-affiliated third party of generating plant, but only if: (i) the electric utility had previously sold or transferred such plant to the affiliated interest subsequent to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1997; (ii) the affiliated interest sells or transfers such plant to a non-affiliated third party prior to December 31, 2006; and (iii) the affiliated interest receives consideration for the sale or transfer of such plant to the non-affiliated third party in an amount greater than the cost or price at which such plant was sold or transferred to the affiliated interest by the electric utility.**

The electric utilities reported no receipt of any consideration that is reportable under Section 16-130(a)(10) in 2004.

#### **Topic 11: Reporting of Transmission and Distribution Expenditures**

Topic 11 applies only to ComEd and was added by Public Act 91-50 in response to ComEd's 1999 fossil generating asset sale. Public Act 91-50 requires a commitment to make expenditures made for transmission and distribution ("T&D") projects, programs, and improvements as described below in Section 16-111(k) of the PUA.

**Section 16-111(k): If an electric utility is selling or transferring to a single buyer 5 or more generating plants located in this State with a total net dependable capacity of 5000 megawatts or more pursuant to subsection (g) of this Section and has obtained a sale price or consideration that exceeds 200% of the book value of such plants, the electric utility must provide to the governor, the President of the Illinois Senate, the Minority Leader of the Illinois Senate, the Speaker of the Illinois House of Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the Illinois House of Representatives no later than 15 days after filing its notice under subsection (g) of this Section or 5 days**

**after the date on which this subsection (k) becomes law, whichever is later, a written commitment in which such electric utility agrees to expend \$2 billion outside the corporate limits of any municipality with 1,000,000 or more inhabitants within such electric utility's service area, over a 6-year period beginning with the calendar year in which the notice is filed, on projects, programs, and improvements within its service area relating to transmission and distribution including, without limitation, infrastructure expansion, repair and replacement, capital investments, operations and maintenance, and vegetation management.**

Public Act 91-50 concurrently revised the reporting requirements of Section 16-130 by adding an eleventh topic in Section 16-130(a)(11):

**Section 16-130(a)(11): A summary account of those expenditures made for projects, programs and improvements relating to transmission and distribution including, without limitation, infrastructure expansion, repair and replacement, capital investments, operations and maintenance, and vegetation management, pursuant to a written commitment made under subsection (k) of Section 16-111.**

ComEd provided the following information in response to Section 16-130(a)(11). ComEd's total cumulative expenditures exceed ComEd's commitment to spend \$2 billion over the 6-year period.

<b>ComEd's Transmission and Distribution Expenditures Outside Chicago (\$ million)</b>		
	<u>(2004)</u>	<u>Cumulative (1999-2004)</u>
Operation and Maintenance	\$ 313	\$ 1,807
Capital Installation	<u>479</u>	<u>\$ 2,858</u>
Total T&D Expenditures Outside Chicago	<u>\$ 792</u>	<u>\$ 4,665</u>

***If there are questions on any of the items presented in this report, please call the Commission's Office of Governmental Affairs at (217) 785-2449.***